

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dakota Global

Diesel Dogs Companies 2091 Energy Park Drive St. Paul, MN, 55108

Precharged, Fully-formulated Extended Life Antifreeze/Coolant (Prediluted, 50/50)

SECTION 1 – CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product/Chemical Name: Product Description: Dakota Global Antifreeze/Coolant Ethylene Glycol Based Antifreeze, Precharged, Fully-formulated Extended Life Coolant (50/50) with Dye Inhibited Ethylene Glycol and Water Solution Mixture

Chemical Family: CAS Registry: Manufacturer:

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT *1,2-ethanediol (Ethylene Glycol) Other glycols Proprietary Additives and Inhibitors Dye Water CAS No 107-21-1 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 7732-18-5 <u>WT. RANGE %</u> 46-48% 0-3% <3% <1% Balance

EXPOSURE LIMIT

50ppm Ceiling-ACGIH None established Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

*Hazardous according to OSHA (1910.1200) or one or more state Right-to-Know lists.

Health:	2		HMIS
Flammability:	0		
Reactivity:	0		H # 2
Special:	None		F #0 R #0
0 = minimal 1= slight 2=mode	erate 3= serio	ous 4= severe	PPE [†]
Route(s) of Entry			†Sec. 8
Inhalation:	Yes		
Skin:	Yes		
Ingestion:	Yes		
Eyes:	Yes		
Target Organs:	Kidneys and Liver		
Effects of overexposure:			
Acute:	Eyes:	May cause minimal irritation, experi	enced as temporary discomfor

Effects of overexposure	Skin:	Brief contact is not irritating. Prolonged contact, as with clothing wetted	
(con't)	Okin.	with material may cause defatting of skin or irritation, seen as local	
Acute:		redness with possible mild discomfort. Other than the potential skin	
		irritation effects noted above, acute (short term) adverse effects are not	
		expected from brief skin contact.	
	Inhalation:	Vapors or mist, in excess of permissible concentrations, or in unusually high concentrations generated from spraying, heating the material or as	
		from exposure in poorly ventilated areas or confined spaces, may cause	
		irritation of the nose and throat, headache, nausea, and drowsiness.	
		Prolonged or repeated overexposure may result in the absorption of	
	Les estres	potentially harmful amounts of material.	
	Ingestion:	Contains ethylene glycol and/or diethylene glycol, which are toxic when swallowed. A lethal dose for an adult is 1-2 ml per kilogram, or about 4	
		ounces (one-half cup). Symptoms include headache, weakness,	
		confusion, dizziness, staggering, slurred speech, loss of concentration,	
		faintness, nausea and vomiting, increased heart rate, decreased blood	
		pressure, difficulty breathing and seeing, pulmonary edema,	
		unconsciousness, convulsions, collapse and coma. Symptoms may be delayed. Decreased urine output and kidney failure may also occur.	
		Severe poisoning may cause death. Aspiration may occur during	
		swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.	
Sensitization Properties:	Unknown		
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:	See above "Effects of Overexposure."		
	See above "Lifects of Overexposure.		
Medical Conditions Generally			
Aggravated by Long-Term	Denested every service may approvate evicting hidrony disease		
Exposure: Chronic Effects:	Repeated overexposure may aggravate existing kidney disease. Repeated ingestion may cause kidney damage		
	repeated mg		
Carcinogenicity			
NTP:	Not listed		
IARC Monographs: OSHA Regulations:	Not listed		
ACGIH	Not listed Not listed		
	SECT	ION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES	
Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	Eye contact:	Immediately flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes and	
	Skin contact	Remove excess with cloth or paper towel. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.	
	Ingestion:	Immediately contact a physician, poison control center or	
		emergency treatment center. DO NOT induce vomiting.	
	Inhalation:	Aspiration Hazard: Product may be inhaled into lungs if vomited. Remove to fresh air. Restore and/or support breathing as	
		required. Keep victim warm and at rest.	
Note to Physicians:		ptomatically	
Special Precautions/Procedures: None known			

	Section 5 – Fire-Fighting Measures				
Unusual Fire Fighting procedures: Flash Point:	None known				
	None NFPA				
Flash Point Method:	Not applicable				
Burning Rate:					
Autoignition Temperature: Flammable limits in air (% by volume):					
LEL:	Not determined				
UEL:	Not determined				
Flammability Classification:	Does not burn, but can emit fumes in a fire.				
Extinguishing Media:	For large fires use alcohol-type or all purpose foam. For small fires use wa				
	spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide to extinguish.				
Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards: Fire-Fighting Instructions;	None known				
File-Fighting instructions,	According to the National Fire Protection Association Guide, use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. A direct stream of water or foam may				
	cause frothing. Use water spray to disperse the vapors and to provide				
	protection for person attempting to stop the leak.				
Fire-Fighting Equipment:	Because fire may produce toxic thermal decomposition products, wear a self-				
	contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in pressure-demand or positive-pressure mode.				
Unusual Fire Fighting procedures:	Not required				
Other Information:	Products evolved when subjected to heat or combustion: carbon monoxide				
	and carbon dioxide may be formed on burning in limited air supply.				
SECT	TION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES				
Spill/Leak Procedures:	Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wear appropriate personal protective				
	equipment, including appropriate respiratory protection. Contain spill if				
	possible. Wipe up or absorb on suitable material and shovel up. Prevent entry				
Regulatory Requirements:	into sewers and waterways. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. If more than 10,539 pounds of product is spilled, then report spill according to				
	SARA 304 and/or CERCLA 102(a) requirements, unless product qualifies for				
	petroleum exemption (CERCLA Section 101 (14)).				
	SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE				
Handling Precautions	Minimum feasible handling temperatures should be maintained. Empty				
	containers contain product residue and may be dangerous.				
Storage Requirements:	Periods of exposure to high temperature should be minimized. Water contamination should be avoided. Keep containers away from open flames.				
	ETHYLENE GLYCOL BASE – Ethylene Glycol has produced birth defects in				
	rodents. Do not store near food.				
SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION					
Ventilation:	Normal to maintain exposure below TLV				
Permissible Concentrations in Air:	10mg/cubic meter for particulate mist; 50 ppm (125 mg/cubic meter) ceiling limit				
	for Ethylene Glycol (ACGIH 1984-1985)				
Respiratory Protection:	Supplied air respiratory protection for cleaning large spills or upon entry into tanks, vessels, or other confined spaces. Use a NIOSH approved organic vapor				
	and gas respirator with mist filter.				
Eye Protection:	Chemical type goggles or face shield optional.				
Protective Clothing/Equipment:	Wear chemically protective gloves, boots, aprons, and gauntlets to prevent				
	prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear protective eyeglasses or chemical				
Work and Hygionic Practices	safety goggles. Exposed employees should exercise reasonable personal cleanliness: this				
Work and Hygienic Practices:	Exposed employees should exercise reasonable personal cleanliness; this includes cleansing exposed skin areas several times daily with soap and water,				
	and laundering or dry cleaning soiled work clothing at least weekly.				

Safety Stations:	Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities available in work area.		
Contaminated Equipment:	Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes. Launder before reuse. Remove this material from your shoes and clean personal protective equipment. Never eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet, or applying cosmetics.		
Comments:			
Sectio	N 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Appearance and odor: Boiling Point (760 mm Hg): Freezing/Melting Point: Specific Gravity (water =1): Solubility in Water (% by wt): pH:			
S	ECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Stability:	Stable		
Polymerization:	Does not occur		
Chemical Incompatibilities:	Normally un-reactive, but try to avoid strong oxidizers, strong acids and strong bases at high temperatures.		
Conditions to Avoid: Hazardous decomposition products:	High temperatures above 413°C (775°F) (product can decompose) Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide		
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SEC	CTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Eye Effects:	Believed to cause slight eye irritation.		
Skin Effects:	Can be irritating to skin upon prolonged contact		
Acute Inhalation Effects:	Drowsiness, narcosis, and unconsciousness possible upon exposure to high concentrations in poorly ventilated confined spaces.		
Acute Oral Effects:	Can cause irritation to mouth, throat and stomach		
Chronic Effects:	Liver and kidney damage in a 2 year rat feeding study using 1-2% Ethylene Glycol. Oral administration of very high doses of Ethylene Glycol produced		
Canaina naniaituu	birth defects in laboratory animals.		
Carcinogenicity: Mutagenicity:	Neither product nor its ingredients are listed by IARC, NTD or OSHA Not mutagenic		
Teratogenicity:	Not Teratogenic		
	ECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Ecotoxicity:	Oral: Believed to be 4.7-8.5 g/kg (rat); moderately toxic		
Leotoxicity.	Inhalation: Not determined.		
	Dermal: Believed to be 1-3 g/kg (rabbit); slightly toxic		
	Other: Not determined.		
	Irritation Index/Estimation of Irritation (Species)		
	Skin: Believed to be 0.5-1.8/8.0 (rabbit); slightly irritating		
	Eyes: Believed to be 15-25/110 (rabbit); slightly irritating		
Soil Absorption/Mobility:	Not determined		

	SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS					
Waste Disposal Method: Disposal Regulatory Requirements:	Dispose of waste in accordance with Federal, State and Local laws. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of products to determine, at the time of disposal, whether product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because product uses transformations, mixture, processes, etc., may render the resulting material hazardous (see waste classification)					
Container Cleaning and Disposal:	Containers should be cleaned of residual product before disposal, and disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.					
Section 14 – Transport Information						
DOT Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated						
Shipping Symbols:	Not applicable					
Hazard Class:	Not applicable					
UN Number:	Not regulated unless shipping container holds at least 10,539 pounds.					
Packing Group: Label:	Not applicable Not applicable					
Special Provisions (172.102):	Not applicable					
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Bulk Shipments DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Environmental	lly hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Ethylene glycol)				
UN Number:	UN 3082					
Label Requirement:	Class 9, UN 3082					
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SE	CTION 15 – REG	ULATORY INFORMATION				
EPA Regulations						
RCRA Hazardous Waste Number and R	CRA					
Hazardous Waste Classification:		Unused product is not classified as a hazardous waste by RCRA criteria				
CERCLA Hazardous Substance and CERCLA Reportable Quantity:		Does not contain any ingredients listed as a CERCLA				
		hazardous substance.				
SARA Toxic Chemical and SARA EHS:		Contains following substance which is listed in Title III: Ethylene Glycol. SARA 313 Information: SARA Hazard Category: An immediate health hazard A delayed health hazard				
OSHA Regulations:						
State Regulations						
Other:		All components listed on both TSCA (USA) and DSL (Canada) inventory.				
		CANADIAN WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B (A toxic material causing other chronic effects)				

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Hazard Rating Systems: None

Disclaimer: THE INFORMATION GIVEN HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH AND FROM SOURCES WE BELIEVE RELIABLE. BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS CORRECTNESS IS MADE.

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This MSDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this MSDS information may not apply.

CONSULT Company listed in Section 1. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.